#### **CAST Safety Enhancement (SE)**

#### **AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES**

ALM
APPROACH AND
LANDING
MISALIGNMENT

GCOL, RI

#### **SECTION I: SE OVERVIEW**

Study Topic Overview Summary Throughout the National Airspace System (NAS), the risk for approach and landing misalignment (ALM) has been identified. This risk includes aircraft approaching or landing on a surface other than what they were cleared for. These other surfaces included the wrong runway, taxiway, or airport. While these events have typically been caught soon enough to prevent an adverse outcome, there have been high-profile events, including an event involving an approach to a taxiway on July 7, 2017, in San Francisco, California. This ultimately led CAST to charter the ALM Joint Safety Analysis and Implementation Team (JSAIT) to analyze misalignments and determine mitigations based on Aviation Safety Information Analysis and Sharing (ASIAS) data from sources such as Aviation Safety Action Program (ASAP) reports, Air Traffic Safety Action Program (ATSAP) reports, and Mandatory Occurrence Reports (MOR). CAST adopted four SEs as a result of the study, two of which are directed toward aircraft operators and original equipment manufacturers (OEM), while the remaining two are directed toward air traffic control (ATC). CAST also adopted one research and development (R&D) SE, which is directed toward aircraft operators and OEMs.

SE Objective

CAST recommends utilizing air traffic procedures and policies lessons learned and adapt these

best practices.

Primary Risks Mitigated

Ground Collision (GCOL) and Runway Incursion (RI)

Action	Organization(s) Strategy		Description	Due Date	
Action 1	FAA Air Traffic Organization (ATO)	Collaboration	Establish a working group for testing the expansion of the runway assignment plan.	2/29/2024	
	Comments: None				
Action 2	FAA ATO	Procedures	Utilize operable runway alignment equipment.	11/30/2024	
	Comments: None				

See section II of this SE for detailed action descriptions.

References: The detailed analysis in the ALM JSAIT Final Report is available through CAST.



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#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### SECTION II: DETAILED ACTION INFORMATION

SE 234 consists of two actions, which this section lays out in detail.

- Action 1 (FAA ATO, FAA AJI, FAA AJI, NATCA, Air Carrier Industry Associations)......PAGE 3
  Establish a working group for testing the expansion of the runway assignment plan

#### **SECTION III: SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

PAGE 5

This section contains the following additional information that may be of interest to implementers:

- Source Study
- Related Initiatives
- Total Cost/Resource Overview

**SECTION IV: REVISION LOG** 

PAGE 6

This section provides a history of revisions to this SE.



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#### **SECTION II: DETAILED ACTION INFORMATION**

Action 1: Establish a working group for testing the expansion of the runway assignment plan				
Primary FAA I Implementer		FAA A	Air Traffic Organization (ATO)	
Action Objective Salt L		Salt L	blish a workgroup to identify airports with similar layouts and numbers of operations to Lake City International Airport (KSLC), Salt Lake City, Utah, for testing the expansion of the way assignment plan.	
Action Timeline			ow Time: 27 months  o 1a—9 months  o 1b—6 months  o 1c—12 months  pue Date: 2/29/2024	
	ne/Flow for Adopters	N/A		
CAST L	ead	FAA S	afety and Technical Training (AJI), National Air Traffic Controllers Association (NATCA)	
#	Organizatio	on(s)	Detailed Steps	
<b>1</b> a	FAA ATO O of Termina Services (A FAA AJI, NA	JT),	Establish a collaborative workgroup to identify the existing best practices, such as the KSLC runway assignment plan, and a list of similar-size airports with similar operations for best practices implementation testing.	
1b	FAA AJT, FAA AJI NATCA		Create a template for applying the best practices at the identified airports. Identify what they did at air traffic facilities and air carriers. Include development of published approach guidance, like an instrument landing system (ILS) Precision Runway Monitor (PRM) instructions page.	
1c			Communicate with similar-size airports and affected air carriers; provide results from KSLC runway assignment plan.	
Notes				

Note: See section III for detailed costs and resources.



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#### **SECTION II: DETAILED ACTION INFORMATION**

Action 2: Utilize operable runway alignment equipment				
Primary Implementer		FAA A	Air Traffic Organization (ATO)	
ACTION UNIPETIVE			Develop a method that ensures arrivals utilize the operable runway alignment equipment, such as in instrument landing system (ILS), when conducting visual approaches.	
Action Timeline		Flo	w Time: 36 months o 2a—12 months o 2b—24 months	
		Dı	ue Date: 11/30/2024	
Timeline/Flow for N/A Future Adopters		N/A		
CAST Lead FAA		FAA S	Safety and Technical Training (AJI), National Air Traffic Controllers Association (NATCA)	
#	Organization(s)		Detailed Steps	
2a	FAA AJI, FAA Mission Support (AJV), FAA AJT, NATCA		Establish a collaborative workgroup to develop a method that ensures arrivals utilize the operable runway alignment equipment, such as an instrument landing system (ILS), when conducting visual approaches.	
2b	'n		FAA ATO will provide methods to air traffic facilities that would ensure arrivals use the operable runway alignment equipment, such as an ILS, when conducting visual approaches. The air traffic facilities will then have the option to implement the practice to verify correct alignment to manage misalignment risk.	
Notes				

Note: See section III for detailed costs and resources.



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#### **SECTION III: SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

Source Study	Approach and Landing Misalignment (ALM) Joint Safety Analysis and Implementation Team (JSAIT)					
Related Initiatives	None					
Total Cost <sup>1</sup>	otal Cost <sup>1</sup> \$14,375,000 Note: For labor, 1 Full Time Equivalent (FTE) = \$250,000					
	Organization	Resources Needed				
Direct Resource Overview— Government	FAA Air Traffic Organization (ATO)	• 40 FTE				
	Organization Resources Needed					
Direct Resource Overview— Industry	Air Carriers	<ul> <li>17.5 (0.25 FTE per air carrier, per airport to evaluate impact of new procedures)</li> </ul>				
Indirect Resource	The organizations identified in this section are not expected to incur direct costs associated with implementing this SE, but they may incur indirect costs within their normal line of work.					
Overview	Organization	Description				
	Air carriers	Projections above assume individual air carriers will implement appropriate changes as part of their regular 10-9 chart update cycles.				
	Air carriers	Project requires air carrier data analysis to identify the airports for implementation.				

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on a tentative list of test facilities (Dallas Love Field (KDAL) in Dallas, Texas, Memphis International Airport (KMEM) in Shelby County, Tennessee, Louisville International Airport (KSDF) in Louisville, Kentucky, and Seattle–Tacoma International Airport (KSEA) in SeaTac, Washington) for the Runway Assignment Plan.

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# STUDY TOPIC ALM APPROACH AND LANDING MISALIGNMENT

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#### **SECTION IV: REVISION LOG**

Major revisions (whole numbers) represent CAST-approved changes to SE language. Minor revisions (decimals) represent minor changes to target dates or completion notes that do not affect implementer actions.

Revision	Date	Description
0.2	03/24/2022	Administrative change to correct Strategy field in—
		Action 1 in Section 1.
		Action 2 in Section 1.
0.1	12/20/2021	Administrative change to correct due date inconsistency in Action 1.
Original	12/2/2021	Start date based on CAST adoption.

